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SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

GREGORY HARPER et. al.
Petitioner,
v.
STATE BAR OF CALIFORNIA,
Respondent,

PETITION FOR REVIEW

APPEAL FROM A DECISION OF THE REVIEW DEPARTMENT OF THE STATE BAR COURT OF CALIFORNIA

ATTORNEY FOR PETITIONER
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WHETHER THE STATE BAR COURT COMPLIED FULLY W	VITH THE
CALIFORNIA SUPREME COURT ORDER OF JANUARY	27, 2021
INTRODUCTION	
In response to Gregory Harper's Petitions for Review, on August 9,	2020, the
California Supreme Court (hereinafter referred to as Supreme Court)	remanded the
matter to State Bar Court to address racial discrimination and dispara	ate impact
regarding his discipline. On January 27, 2021 the Supreme Court ren	nanded the
matter to the State Bar Court Hearing Department for further evident	tiary hearings
to determine if Harper was discriminated against based upon his race.	. The
petitions to the Supreme Court were based upon a state Bar commission	oned study of
racial disparities in State Bar discipline by Andrew Farkas of U.C. Irv	ine. The
Supreme Court specifically ordered that; "The Hearing department sho	all reopen
discovery to permit Harper to obtain all data reviewed for purposes of t	he Farkas
study and the Robertson report with identifying information redacted."	1
Harper has not been able to obtain all data reviewed by Farkas	and

 $^{^{\}scriptscriptstyle 1}$ In re Gregory Harper on Discipline S265240

Robertson

To date, Harper has not been permitted to obtain all data reviewed by Farkas and Robertson. The State Bar Office of the Chief Trial Counsel (OCTC) initially provided some statistical information. That information is not all data reviewed by Farkas and Robertson.² Harper seeks to determine and obtain the data Farkas and Robertson reviewed for their study and report. However, the Hearing Department will not permit Harper to obtain the information through the discovery process. While the parties in this case may use expert witnesses, the data that so far is unavailable to Harper is a requirement of any expert witness he will employ.

WHY REVIEW SHOULD BE GRANTED

Harper is unable to proceed because discovery has not been reopened. He is therefore being denied equal protection and his due process rights. We are in a time in American history when the country and the State Bar are still addressing racial discrimination in the legal field, particularly against Black men, their lives and livelihoods.³ As stated by the State Bar at page 4 in its Diversity, Equity and Inclusion plan, "Our present times, a period in which we find ourselves radically altered by a global pandemic and a national reckoning on the brutal reality of systemic racism in America, have not been overlooked by the State Bar."⁴ This is an opportunity to do so. It is undisputed race does matter, especially in the legal field.⁵ Anecdotally many have noticed disparities in treatment of Black male

²Declaration and supplemental declaration of Ron Pi, custodian of records.

³For example, George Floyd killed by a Minneapolis police officer following arrest for passing an alleged counterfeit \$20 bill.

⁴See http://www.calbar.ca.gov/About-Us/Our-Mission/Protecting-the-Public/Reports

⁵ See *Why Are There So Few Black Lawyers in Corporate Law Firms--An Institutional Analysis* Wilkins, David B. Gulati, G. California Law Review, May 1996 Mitu;

attorneys in the State Bar disciplinary system thus prompting the Farkas study and Robertson report. The disparate impact and treatment regarding Harper's discipline and the weight placed upon his prior discipline for reportable action bank matters cannot adequately be examined.

Notwithstanding the Hearing Department recommended disbarment for a third offense. Discipline imposed for the 1992 offense was probation. The 2003 case carried an actual suspension for 90 days. Again, there was no theft or fraud. While there was technical non-compliance with trust accounting rules, similarly situated white male attorneys suffered no or substantially lighter discipline. Pursuant to the Supreme Court edict, Harper seeks to introduce this evidence and is unable to do so.

The State Bar itself is now under investigation as to why it did not protect the public and made "mistakes" in applying its disciplinary policies and procedures such that it commissioned a study on trust accounting. The State Bar recognized its policies are inadequate and is in receipt of recommendations for comprehensive change. ⁷ This case involves racial discrimination through disparate impact and treatment in State Bar court proceedings where discovery is limited. It is either voluntary or by court Order. Here, since the court and the State Bar Office of Chief Trial Counsel (OCTC) have not provided a factual definitive and conclusive

www.dailyjournal.com/articles/354897-missed-opportunity-to-make-sense-of-discipline discrimination-study

⁶For example, the Matter of Thomas V. Girardi SBN #36603. While the State Bar eventually admitted "mistakes" in handling of the matter of Thomas V. Girardi resulting in no discipline, it appears disparate treatment permitting misappropriation of millions of dollars misappropriated, notwithstanding State Bar complaints for over 40 years.

⁷Final Report and Recommendations from the Committee on Special Discipline Case Audit for the Development of a California Trust Account Program State Bar Trustees meeting Agenda Item 701 November 18, 2021 Jose Cisneros

statement as to what data was reviewed by professors Farkas and Robertson discovery is necessary. As contractors with OCTC they have been continuously available to it. Neither will communicate with Harper without a court order. Of paramount importance to Harper is that notwithstanding facially neutral policies, he and other Black male attorneys receive substantially harsher discipline than white male attorneys and, are disbarred at a rate four times greater than white male attorneys.⁸

Harper's appeals of the disbarment recommendation was based partially on the 2019 State Bar sponsored study of racial disparities in discipline by Andrew Farkas of UC Irvine and, a follow up report in 2020 by professor Christopher Robertson of Boston University covering disciplinary actions from 1990 through 2018. The Supreme Court ordered further evidentiary hearings including discovery of necessary information, regarding this alleged racial discrimination, especially whether Harper was disciplined more harshly than any similarly situated white male attorney. An additional order following Harper's request to be reactivated pending this process was denied with a proviso that the reactivation issue be reexamined once Harper had been through the process. 10

Similarly Situated white Male Attorneys

Nevertheless, in 2021, following revelations first reported by the Los Angeles

Times hereinafter referred to as Times) that notwithstanding complaints during the
same time period and further, a similarly situated white male attorney, Thomas V.

Girardi also had unprosecuted reportable bank matters. The Times reported

Girardi avoided criminal prosecution due to complications from Alzheimer disease

⁸ See Farkas study.

⁹See Farkas study and Robertson report.

¹⁰Se In Re Gregory Harper on discipline [S268240]

and dementia. Girardi defaulted when prosecuted for misappropriations of over 2 million dollars. Girardi was accused, without prior State Bar prosecution with misappropriating upwards of 25 million dollars from clients and failing to pay vendors, suppliers, other attorneys and liens. Following demands from the California Legislature, the State Bar hired outside counsel to investigate why, in light of multiple complaints of reportable action bank matters for over 40 years the public apparently was never protected from Girardi's conduct. The issue of why and how this happened and subsequent demand for Girardi's State Bar records is being contested by the State Bar in the California Supreme Court.

Denial of Due Process

Harper is also being denied his Constitutional right to due process.¹⁵ Harper is unable to adequately proceed without a loss of his due process rights. The California Supreme Court remanded the matter to the State Bar Court Hearing Department specifically to conduct further evidentiary hearings as to disparate impact and disparate treatment and, the hearing department was specifically ordered to:

1. Determine whether the State Bar's facially neutral disciplinary practices at

 $^{^{11}}https://www.latimes.com/california/story/2021-03-06/how-california-state-bar-enabled-tom-girardi\\$

 $^{^{12}}https://www.law.com/therecorder/2022/01/24/state-bar-hires-outside-counsel-to-investigate-handling-of-girardi-complaints/$

¹³Los Angeles Times Communications v State Bar S269401

¹⁴In response to the State Bar admitting "mistakes" in handling of complaints against Girardi, it commissioned a study that recognized the State Bar's methods for handling attorney trust issues were deficient and recommended new rules to take effect in 2022. One recommendation is that in instances where there was No fraud or theft there should be no discipline.

¹⁵US Constitution Article 14; California Constitution Article I, section 8.

issue including, but not limited to the weight given petitioner's previous discipline for reportable action bank matters, had the effect of discriminating against Harper based on race.¹⁶

2. The Supreme Court further ordered The State Bar court to determine whether Harper was disciplined more harshly than a similarly situated white male attorney based on the data underlying the Farkas study and the Robertson report and to reopen discovery to permit Harper to obtain all data reviewed for purposes of the Farkas study and Robertson report.¹⁷

While discovery has been reopened, the reopening is limited. In furtherance of the Supreme Court Remand Order, the Hearing Department promulgated a burden of proof Harper must meet.¹⁸ However, Harper must have the necessary evidence. To date, the State Bar has only produced some incomplete statistics which were not the only information used by Farkas and Robertson.¹⁹ Most recently, OCTC produced Harper's prior investigative and complaint files.²⁰

Notwithstanding the limited voluntary compliance by the State Bar Office of Chief Trial Counsel (OCTC), the Hearing Department must issue Harper an Order for any discovery. Thus far, Harper's requests for discovery have been futile.

The Hearing Department is not in compliance with the Supreme Court Order.

Here, the Hearing Department has determined while Harper may petition for

¹⁶See, In re Gregory Harper on Discipline S265240

¹⁷See fn6

¹⁸See hearing department order.

¹⁹See declaration and supplemental declaration of Ron Pi. The records produced are not in compliance with the January 27, 2021 Remand Order.

²⁰The most recent disclosure follows motions for discovery by Harper.

7 8

discovery it has rued the OCTC is in compliance with the Supreme Court mandate.

Harper is unable to obtain an expert witness as all candidates have informed

Harper they need all of the data reviewed by Farkas and Robertson. Harper cannot provide it. Therefore, review should be granted to address the denial of due process.

FACTUAL AND PROCEDURAL BACKGROUND

The discovery process thus far includes OCTC providing Harper with limited statistical data.²¹ OCTC has also provided after repeated requests Harper's prior complaints and discipline files from 1992 and 2003. Given the amount of time required to properly address the disparate impact analysis, the Petitioner filed a motion to be restored to active status pending a review of the data or other actions by the review department which was denied.

LEGAL DISCUSSION

I. HARPER IS UNABLE TO FULLY UTILIZE THE SUPREME COURT'S ORDER

A. What is data?

Data is information. National Lawyers Guild v City of Hayward 9 Cal.5th 488 (2020) [Public Record Act response involving video]; Ibarra v Superior Court, 217 Cal.App.4th 695 (2017) [Personal information in personnel records.]; City of Los Angeles v Superior Court 111 Cal.App.4th 883 (2003) [Payroll records and other personal information]; Federated Police Officers Association v Superior Court 218 Cal.App.4th 18 (2013) [Reports and other information on police officers].

²¹ The link to the data is as follows: https://castatebar-my.sharepoint.com/:f:/g/personal/ron_pi_calbar_ca_gov/Ert-In7XmKdIrAgUw3qD1TwBGd xSiyzDWvjykH9X9IyGA?e=7bb8rP

Password: SungTang@300

Notwithstanding the Hearing Department recommended disbarment for a third offense. Discipline imposed for the 1992 offense was probation. The 2003 case carried an actual suspension for 90 days. Again, there was no theft or fraud. While there was technical non-compliance with trust accounting rules, similarly situated white male attorneys suffered no or substantially lighter discipline.²² Pursuant to the Supreme Court edict, Harper seeks to introduce this evidence and is unable to do so.

The State Bar itself is now under investigation why it did not protect the public and made "mistakes" in applying its disciplinary policies and procedures such that it commissioned a study on trust accounting. The State Bar recognized its policies are inadequate and is in receipt of recommendations for comprehensive change. ²³ This case involves racial discrimination through disparate impact and treatment in State Bar court proceedings where discovery is limited. It is either voluntary or by court Order. Here, since the court and the State Bar Office of Chief Trial Counsel (OCTC) have not provided a factual definitive and conclusive statement as to what data was reviewed by professors Farkas and Robertson discovery is necessary. As contractors with OCTC they have been available to them. Neither will

²²For example, the Matter of Thomas V. Girardi SBN #36603. While the State Bar eventually admitted "mistakes" in handling of the matter of Thomas V. Girardi resulting in no discipline, it appears disparate treatment permitting misappropriation of millions of dollars, notwithstanding State Bar complaints for over 40 years.

²³Final Report and Recommendations from the Committee on Special Discipline Case Audit for the Development of a California Trust Account Program State Bar Trustees meeting Agenda Item 701 November 18, 2021 Jose Cisneros

communicate with Harper without a court order. Of paramount importance to Harper is that notwithstanding facially neutral policies, he and other Black male attorneys receive substantially harsher discipline than white male attorneys and, are disbarred at a rate four times greater than white male attorneys.²⁴

While, the State Bar's mission is to protect the public it should treat everyone fairly. Harper's challenge of the recommendation was based on partially the 2019 State Bar sponsored study of racial disparities in discipline by Andrew Farkas of UC Irvine and, a follow up report in 2020 by professor Christopher Robertson of Boston University covering disciplinary actions from 1990 through 2018. The Supreme Court ordered further evidentiary hearings including discovery of necessary information, regarding this alleged racial discrimination, especially whether Harper was disciplined more harshly than any similarly situated white male attorney. An additional order following Harper's request to be reactivated pending this process was denied with a proviso that the reactivation issue be reexamined once Harper had been through the process.

In 2021, following revelations first reported by the Los Angeles Times hereinafter referred to as Times) that notwithstanding complaints during the same time period and further, a similarly situated white male attorney, Thomas V. Girardi also had unprosecuted reportable bank matters. The Times reported

²⁴ See Farkas study.

²⁵See Farkas study and Robertson report.

Girardi avoided criminal prosecution due to complications from Alzheimer disease and dementia. Girardi defaulted when prosecuted for misappropriations of over 2 million dollars. Girardi was accused, without prior State Bar prosecution with misappropriating upwards of 25 million dollars from clients and failing to pay vendors, suppliers, other attorneys and liens. Following demands from the California Legislature, the State Bar hired outside counsel to investigate why, in light of multiple complaints of reportable action bank matters for over 40 years the public apparently was never protected from Girardi's conduct. The issue of why and how this happened and subsequent demand for Girardi's State Bar records is being contested by the State Bar in the California Supreme Court. State Bar records is

CONCLUSION

Due to the non-compliance with the Supreme Court Order, Harper is unable to access Farkas or Robertson without court orders for discovery. The information is

²⁶https://www.latimes.com/california/story/2021-03-06/how-california-state-bar-enabled-tom-gir ardi

²⁷https://www.law.com/therecorder/2022/01/24/state-bar-hires-outside-counsel-to-investigate-han dling-of-girardi-complaints/

²⁸Los Times Communications v State Bar S269401

²⁹In response to the State Bar admitting "mistakes" in handling of complaints against Girardi, it commissioned a study that recognized the State Bar's methods for handling attorney trust issues were deficient and recommended new rules to take effect in 2022. A recommendation is that in instances where there was o fraud or theft there should be no discipline.

clearly relevant and must be provided. To do less is a violation of the Supreme Court order and a denial of due process. It has been over a year since the Supreme Court's order. It has been 5 years since this case was filed by OCTC. Given the proposed rule changes in trust accounting, the time between the violations in 1992, 2003 and 2017, there may not have been any disciplinary action. If Harper had been treated like many similarly situated white male attorneys his discipline would not have been so draconian. Indeed, disbarment here is unduly harsh, unwarranted and unjust. There was no fraud or theft. Given the above and the passage of time Harper requests being returned to the active rolls of attorneys pending the resolution of this matter.

Therefore, in light of the foregoing the Petitioner herein requests this Petition be granted.

Dated: March 14, 2022

Respectfully submitted,

/s/ **GREGORY HARPER**

1	
2	TABLE OF AUTHORITIES
3	Cases
4	Cases
5	California Supreme Court
6	National Lawyers Guild v City of Hayward 9 Cal.5th 488 (2020)8
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20	dailyjournal.com articles/354897
21	Missed opportunity to make sense of disciplinary study3
22	Los Angeles Times
23	March 6, 2021 How California State Bar Enabled Tom Girardi4,11
24	www.law.com The Recorder
25 26	January 24, 2022 State Bar Hires Outside Counsel to Investigate Handling of Girardi Complaints4
27 28	Calbar Journal www.calbar.ca.gov/About-Us/Our-Mission/Protecting-the-Public/Reports3

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2	California Law Review May 1996
3	analysis
4	Wilkins, David B. Gulati, G. California Law Review Mitu
5	Federal Constitution
6	US Constitution Article 146
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8	State Bar Board of Trustees Reports Final Report and Recommendations from the Committee on Special Discipline
9	Case Audit for the development of a California Trust Account Program State
10	Bar Trustees Meeting Agenda Item 701 November 18, 2021 Jose Cisneros6, 9
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WORD COUNT CERTIFICATE OF COMPLIANCE Counsel of Record hereby certifies that pursuant to Rule 8.204(c)(1) or 8.360(b)(1) of the California Rules of Court, the enclosed brief of Gregory Harper is produced using 12-point Century Schoolbook type including footnotes and contains approximately 2782 words, which is less than the total words permitted by the rules of court. Counsel relies on the word count of the computer program used to prepare this brief. Dated: March 14, 2022 /s/Gregory Harper Attorney in Pro Per

FILED 2/9/2022 STATE BAR COURT CLERK'S OFFICE LOS ANGELES

STATE BAR COURT OF CALIFORNIA

REVIEW DEPARTMENT

En Banc

In the Matter of)	17-O-01313
GREGORY HARPER,)	ORDER
State Bar No. 146119.)	
)	

On December 27, 2021, respondent Gregory Harper filed three pleadings all titled Request for Interlocutory Review, with attached appendices. Harper challenges a hearing judge's December 8, 2021 order regarding Harper's second motion to compel further discovery. On January 7, 2022, we ordered the Office of Chief Trial Counsel of the State Bar (OCTC) to respond to respondent's pleadings pursuant to rule 5.150(E) of the Rules of Procedure of the State Bar. OCTC filed its response on January 19, 2022. Respondent had 10 days after service of the response to file a reply, which he did not do.

After considering the pleadings, we find respondent has failed to show abuse of discretion or error of law by the hearing judge in the December 8, 2021 order. Therefore, his petitions are denied. (Rules Proc. of State Bar, rule 5.150(K).)

Acting Presiding Judge

CERTIFICATE OF ELECTRONIC SERVICE

(Rules Proc. of State Bar, rule 5.27.1.)

I, the undersigned, certify that I am a Court Specialist of the State Bar Court. I am over the age of eighteen and not a party to the within proceeding. Pursuant to standard court practice, on February 9, 2022, I transmitted a true copy of the following document(s):

ORDER FILED FEBRUARY 9, 2022

by electronic service to Gregory Harper at the following electronic service address as defined in rule 5.4(29) and as provided in rule 5.26.1 of the Rules of Procedure of the State Bar:

ghlaw@pacbell.net

by electronic service to Christopher G. Jagard at the following electronic service address as defined in rule 5.4(29) and as provided in rule 5.26.1 of the Rules of Procedure of the State Bar:

Christopher.Jagard@calbar.ca.gov

The above document(s) was/were served electronically. My electronic service address is ctroomA@statebarcourt.ca.gov and my business address is 845 South Figueroa Street, Los Angeles, CA 90017.

I declare, under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California, that the information above is true and correct.

Date: February 9, 2022

State Bar Court

Exhibit A Ron Pi Declaration

DECLARATION OF RON PI (CUSTODIAN OF RECORDS)

I, RON PI, do hereby declare:

- 1. I am a Principal Program Analyst in the Office of Research and Institutional Accountability ("ORIA") of the State Bar of California ("State Bar"). I am a duly authorized custodian of records for ORIA and in that capacity I am authorized to certify the authenticity of State Bar records. I have personal knowledge of the matters stated herein, and if called as a witness, I could and would testify competently thereto.
- 2. The State Bar's records are kept in the ordinary course of the State Bar's business as a governmental entity.
- 3. I was the principal State Bar staff member responsible for providing data to Professor George Farkas for the study dated October 31, 2019, entitled "Discrepancies by Race and Gender in Attorney Discipline by the State Bar of California: An Empirical Analysis."
- 4. A follow-up report to the Board of Trustees on July 16, 2020, entitled "Potential Reforms to Mitigate Racial Disparities in the California State Bar attorney Discipline System" by Professor Christopher Robertson was based on the October 31, 2019 report. Professor Robertson also conducted interviews, surveys, and made observations.
- 5. To provide Professors Farkas with the information necessary to produce the aforementioned report, I extracted data from the State Bar's discipline case management system and transformed that data into datasets that measures the complaint and discipline history of a cohort of attorneys who were admitted to the Bar from 1990 to 2009, with their complaint and discipline history tracked through the end of 2018.
- 6. The analyses underlying the Farkas study were conducted using the statistical analysis software, Stata. True and correct copies of the underlying datasets are provided in two files in Stata format, along with the same datasets in comma delimited format. The data file named "complaint_summary" was used to produce summary statistics on allegations in Tables 3 and 4. Other tables in the report, including regression results, were generated from the data file named "cohort_report_final." Listed below are all the files and documents provided and prepared

1	herein by following the general guidelines as promulgated by the Inter-university Consortium for					
2	Political and Social Research (ICPSR), which are widely adopted by peer-review journals to					
3	ensure data transparency in social science research.*					
4	"Data dictionary for datasets used in Farkas study.xlsx" lists the variables in the					
5	two data files, along with brief description of the variables;					
6	"Allegation and Associated Rule.xlsx" describes variable allegations and their					
7	categorization details used in the analyses;					
8	"ana_final_phase.do" is the original Stata script file with Stata code used to run					
9	various regression models presented in the report;					
10	"cohort_report_final.dta" provides the raw data in the native Stata format used in					
11	running various regression models, with the data file converted to CSV format;					
12	"cohort_report_final.csv" provides the same data file as above but converted to					
13	CSV format;					
14	"complnt_summary.dta" provides allegation data for generating summary					
15	statistics presented in the report;					
16	"complnt_summary.csv" contains the same data as above but converted to CSV					
17	format.					
18	I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the					
19	I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the					
20	foregoing is true and correct to the best of my knowledge and belief.					
21	Executed on June 7, 2021 at Fremont, California.					
22	Ron Pi					
23	Ron Pi					
24	KON F1					
25						
26						
27	*See ISPSR's website: https://www.icpsr.umich.edu/web/pages/deposit/guide/index.html.					
28						

Declaration of Ron Pi (Custodian of Records)

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Supreme Court of California Jorge E. Navarrete, Clerk and Executive Officer of the Court Electronically FILED on 3/14/2022 by M. Chang, Deputy Clerk

STATE OF CALIFORNIA

Supreme Court of California

PROOF OF SERVICE

STATE OF CALIFORNIASupreme Court of California

Case Name: HARPER V STATE BAR OF CALIFORNIA

Case Number: TEMP-4GWZ0892

Lower Court Case Number:

- 1. At the time of service I was at least 18 years of age and not a party to this legal action.
- 2. My email address used to e-serve: ghlaw@pacbell.net
- 3. I served by email a copy of the following document(s) indicated below:

Title(s) of papers e-served:

Filing Type	Document Title		
ISI_CASE_INIT_FORM_DT	Case Initiation Form		
PETITION FOR REVIEW	Petition for Review		

Service Recipients:

Person Served	Email Address	Type	Date / Time
GREGORY HARPER	ghlaw@pacbell.net	e-Serve	3/14/2022 6:39:57 PM
Harper Legal Group			
Pro Per			
Christopher Jagard	christopher.jagard@calbar.ca.gov	e-Serve	3/14/2022 6:39:57 PM
191147			
George Hue	george.hue@calbar.ca.gov	e-Serve	3/14/2022 6:39:57 PM

This proof of service was automatically created, submitted and signed on my behalf through my agreements with TrueFiling and its contents are true to the best of my information, knowledge, and belief.

I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the foregoing is true and correct.

3/14/2022		
Date		
/s/GREGORY HARPER		
Signature		
HARPER, GREGORY (Pro Per)		
Last Name, First Name (PNum)		

Harper Legal Group

Law Firm